



BUDA AND PEST

Metro Line

• – – • Walking Radius

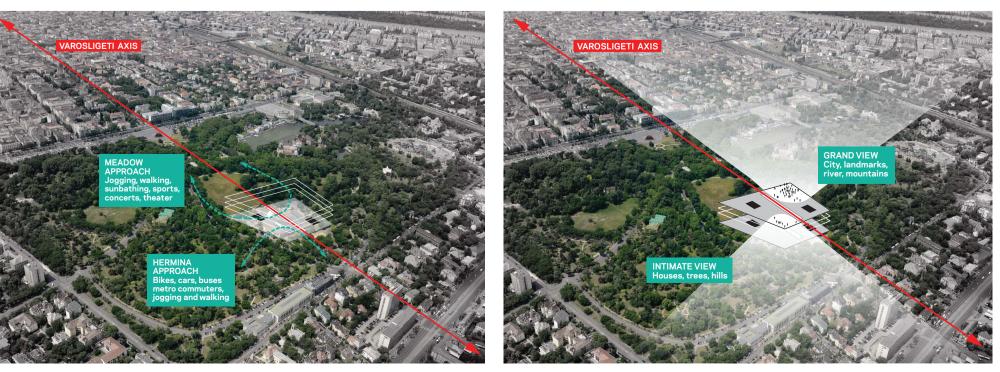
The history of the City Park is marked by the constant attention to its civic green space. Throughout the centuries, the evolution of the City Park has seen an ebb and flow of new construction paralleled by the enrichment of the surrounding recreational areas. This process has resulted in a dense yet constructed landscape that reflects the wide range of culture and the city's appreciation for lush, open greenspace. The etymology of Buda and Pest can be traced to their geo-morphologic bases: "Buda" refers to water and "Pest" means cave. Water is a central feature of public life in Budapest, with an abundance of thermal baths serving as social platforms. It is a giver of life and has the ability to shape and form materials it interacts with.

The caves and quarries of the surrounding region are symbols of the past. Throughout the centuries, the limestone quarries of the region have served as building blocks for neighboring countries and public buildings. Whether shaped by nature or quarried, the unique limestone strata is a record of time. Embedded with fossils, it has the ability to preserve layers of history. Much like the trees in the City Park, the caves and quarries represent a quiet and sheltering place and have the capacity to "shroud" or protect. In recent times, the Rákos limestone quarry in Fertőrákos has become a monument in its own right, being named a UNESCO World Heritage Site for its sculptural quality. The New National Gallery and Ludwig Museum will therefore represent both the geology and the culture of the country and its capital city. We envision our building as a merging of these two archetypical attributes, clad in a shroud we call 'A Városligeti Lepel.'

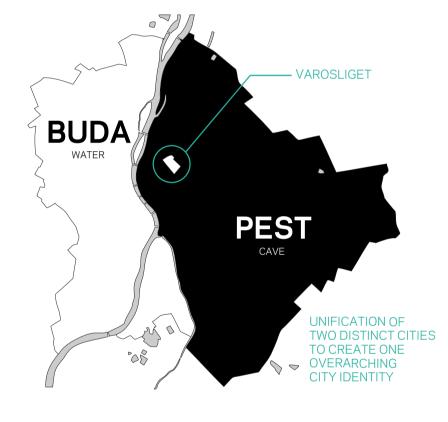
PARK AXIS

In a simple yet strong gesture, a new pedestrian promenade will meander along the edge of the existing City Park meadow. It will better connect the park and its existing desire lines with the eastern and western edges of the greater city beyond. This proposed serpentine path will reinforce an organic, axial connection among the many new museums including: the new museums of Architecture and Photography, the new House of Hungarian Music, and the New National Gallery and Ludwig Museum. The path will provide increased access to the existing open meadow while reinforcing the Park's historic past as a sanctuary of urban ecology. The path will create an interesting sequence of space as it weaves in and out of the woods to complete its route. Scattered plantings of cherry trees sited in drifts will act as way-finding devices with their colorful, seasonal bloom.

GROUND LEVEL: EROSION OF MASSING & RECEIVING THE LANDSCAPE



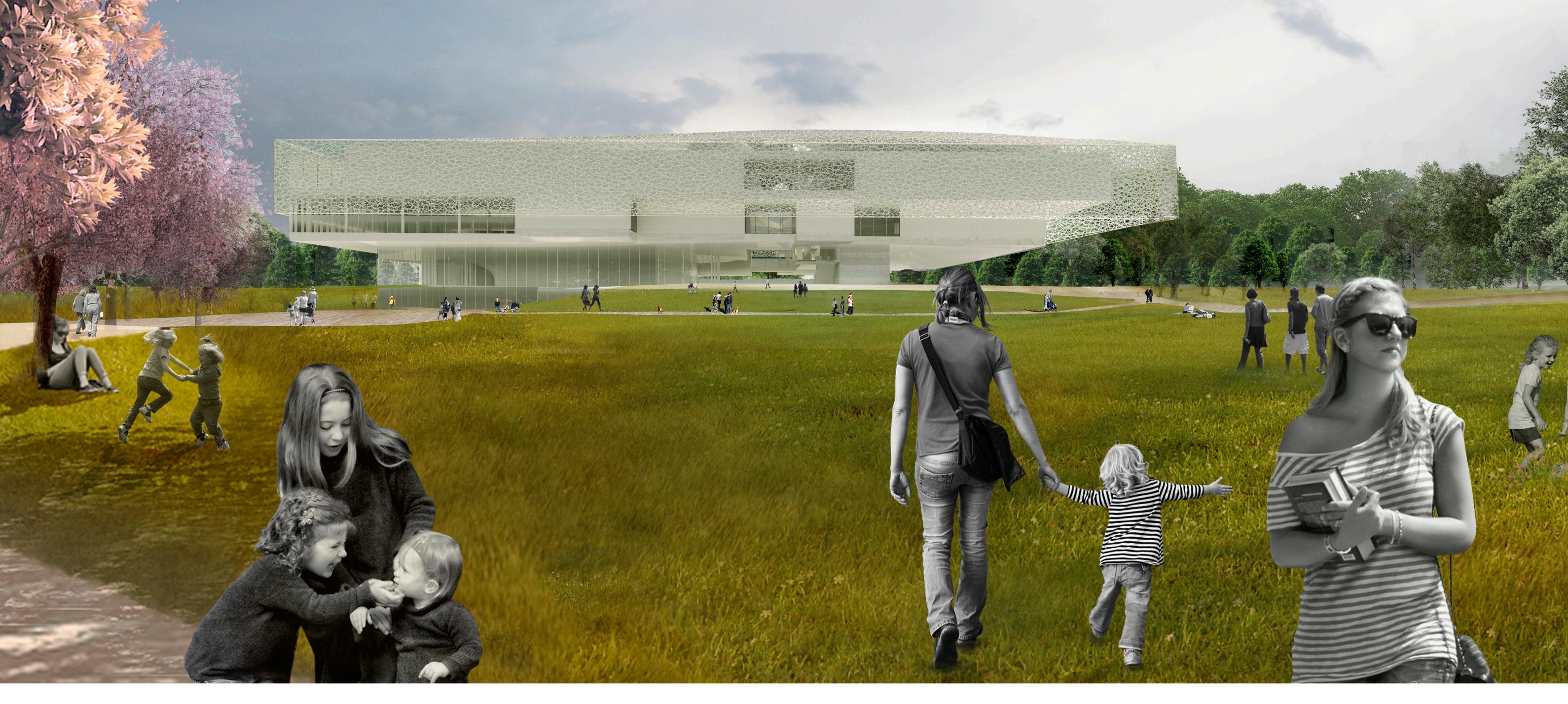
Water Bodies







ROOF LEVEL: EROSION OF MASSING & CONTEXTUAL VIEWS



LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

The landscape design consists of an organization of serpentine bands or striations that respond to the organic geometry of the museum building and the topology of the historic park setting. Landscape curvatures are ultimately derived from the museum's roof section, thus establishing a relationship between building and landscape. The subtle integration of building and landscape through curvature, within the park context, generates an overall impression of movement and natural rhythms

THE GREEN ROOF MEADOW

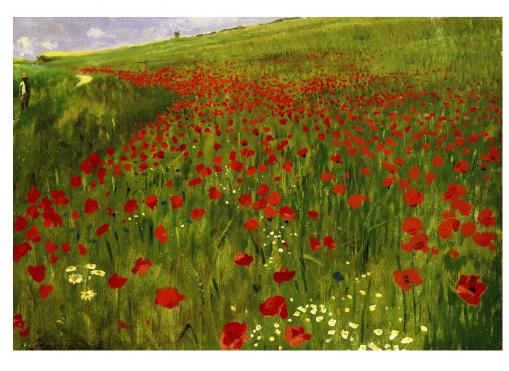
The proposed green roof consists of a 300mm soil growing medium. At the green roof level, the serpentine bands of landscape the ground plane to create patterns of light and dark grey stone will contain plantings of meadow grasses and wildflowers that are paving at major entry locations. A dramatic waterfall feature will divided by 1-meter wide lines of crushed blue glass. Light and dark anchor the main entry terrace. Water will fall through the oculus gray paving is integrated with planted areas at terrace locations. The wildflowers will create broad drifts of color across the canvas

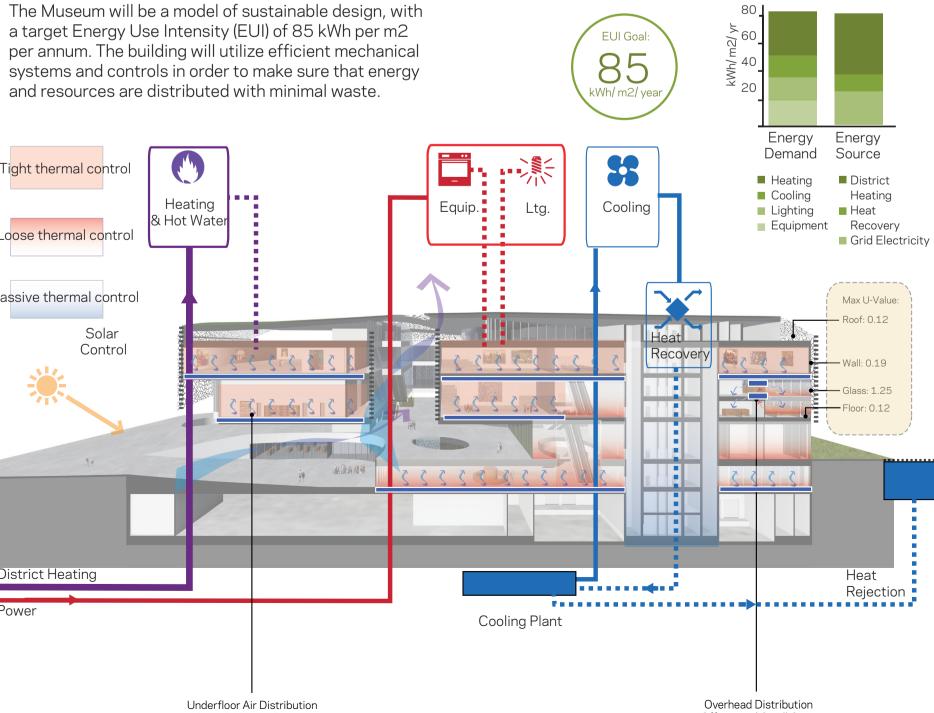
of the grasses, creating an undulating visual amenity for terrace users. This amenity will be further enhanced by natural breezes, which will reinforce the sensation of movement created by the plantings. Roof water will be captured and stored for reuse. It will be used for irrigating the meadow and other museum landscape plantings. Our inspiration for the Green Roof Meadow comes from Pal Szinyei's 1896 painting "Meadow With Poppies", which resides in the Hungarian Nation Gallery collection

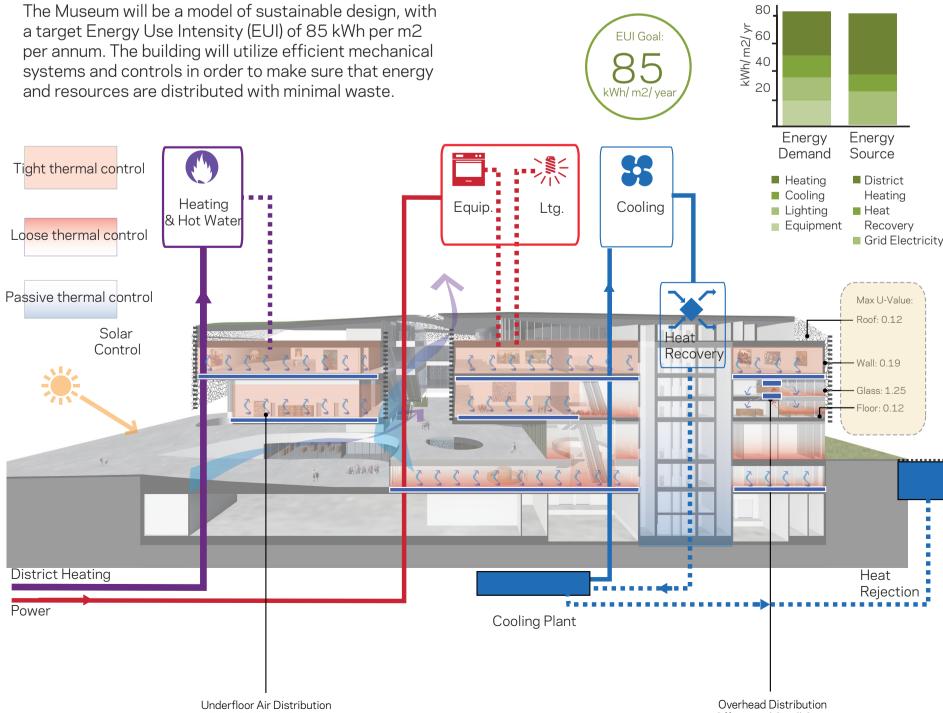
GROUND LEVEL TERRACES

The serpentine lines of the roof landscape are projected down to from the roof level into a pool at the terrace level. The sound of falling water and reflected sparkles of light will animate the museum's entrance.

Meadow With Poppies, Pal Szinyei, 1896





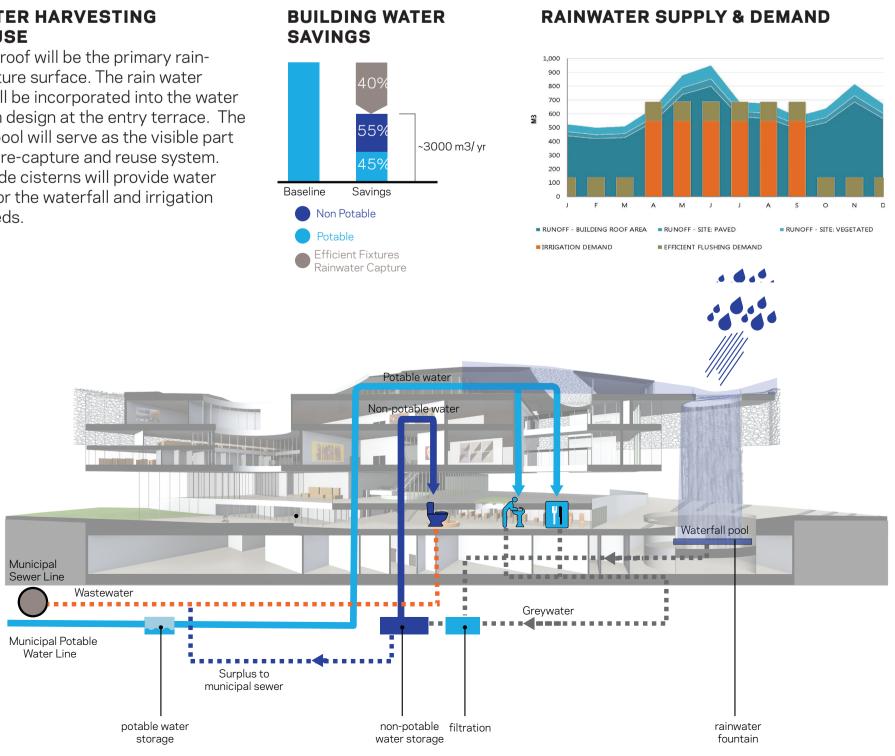


02

LOW ENERGY STRATEGY

RAINWATER HARVESTING AND REUSE

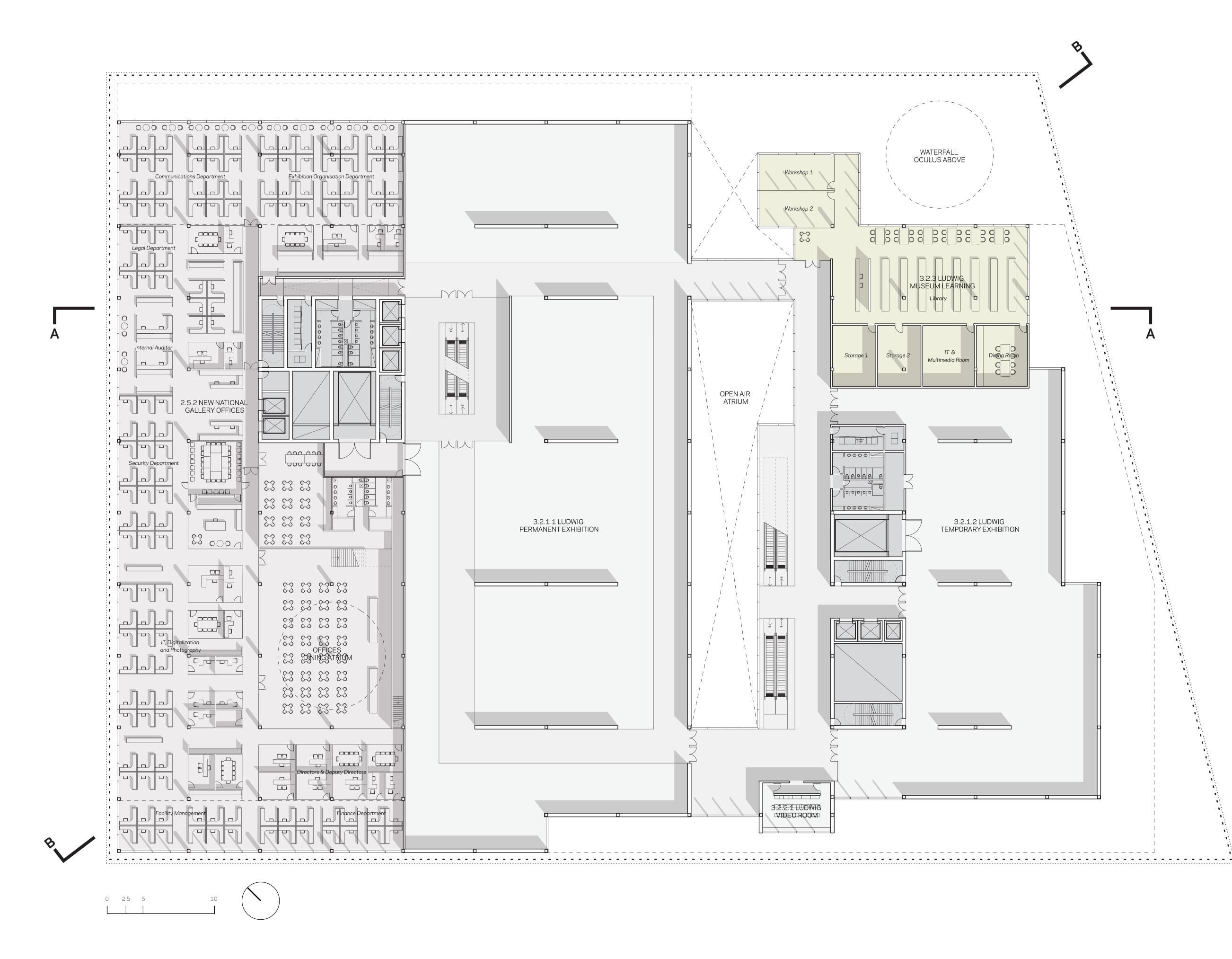
The green roof will be the primary rainwater capture surface. The rain water storage will be incorporated into the water fall system design at the entry terrace. The waterfall pool will serve as the visible part of the rain re-capture and reuse system. Below-grade cisterns will provide water capacity for the waterfall and irrigation supply needs.



At High Volume Spaces

in Offices and Small Spaces



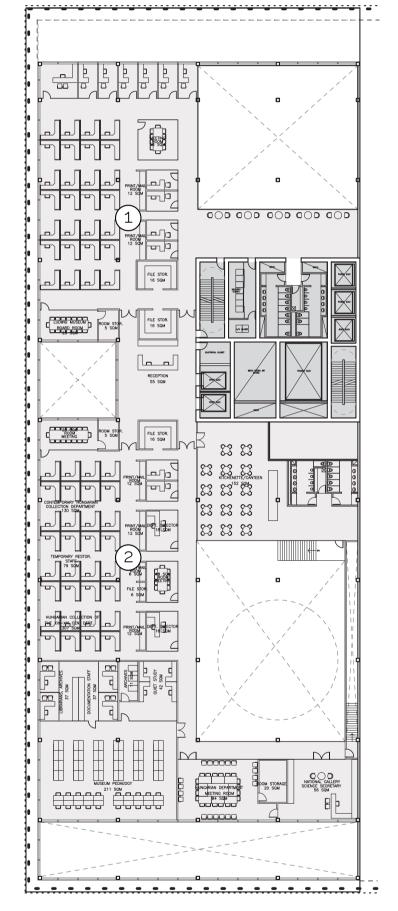




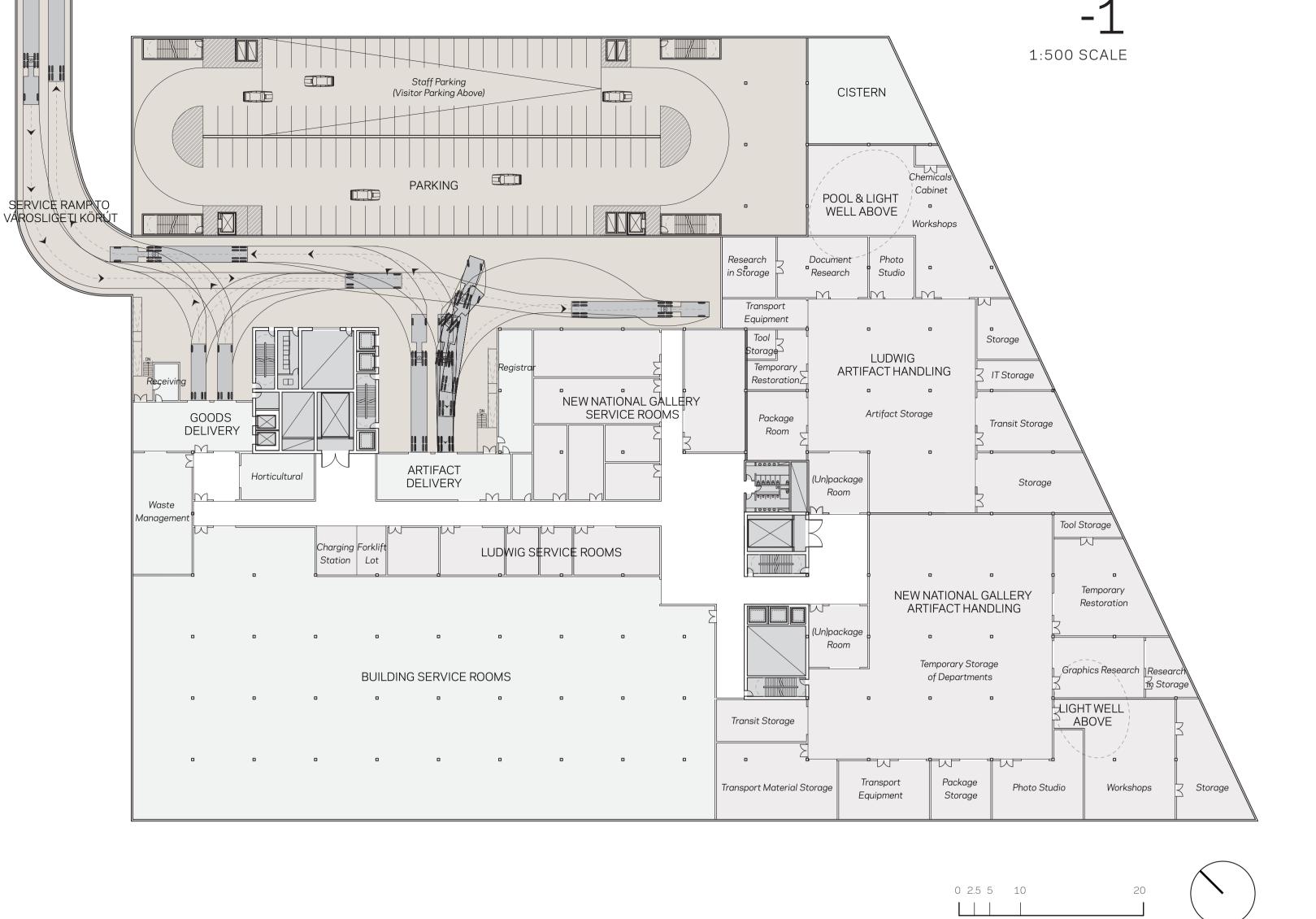
1 LUDWIG OFFICES Cellular Offices Kitchenettes Meeting Rooms

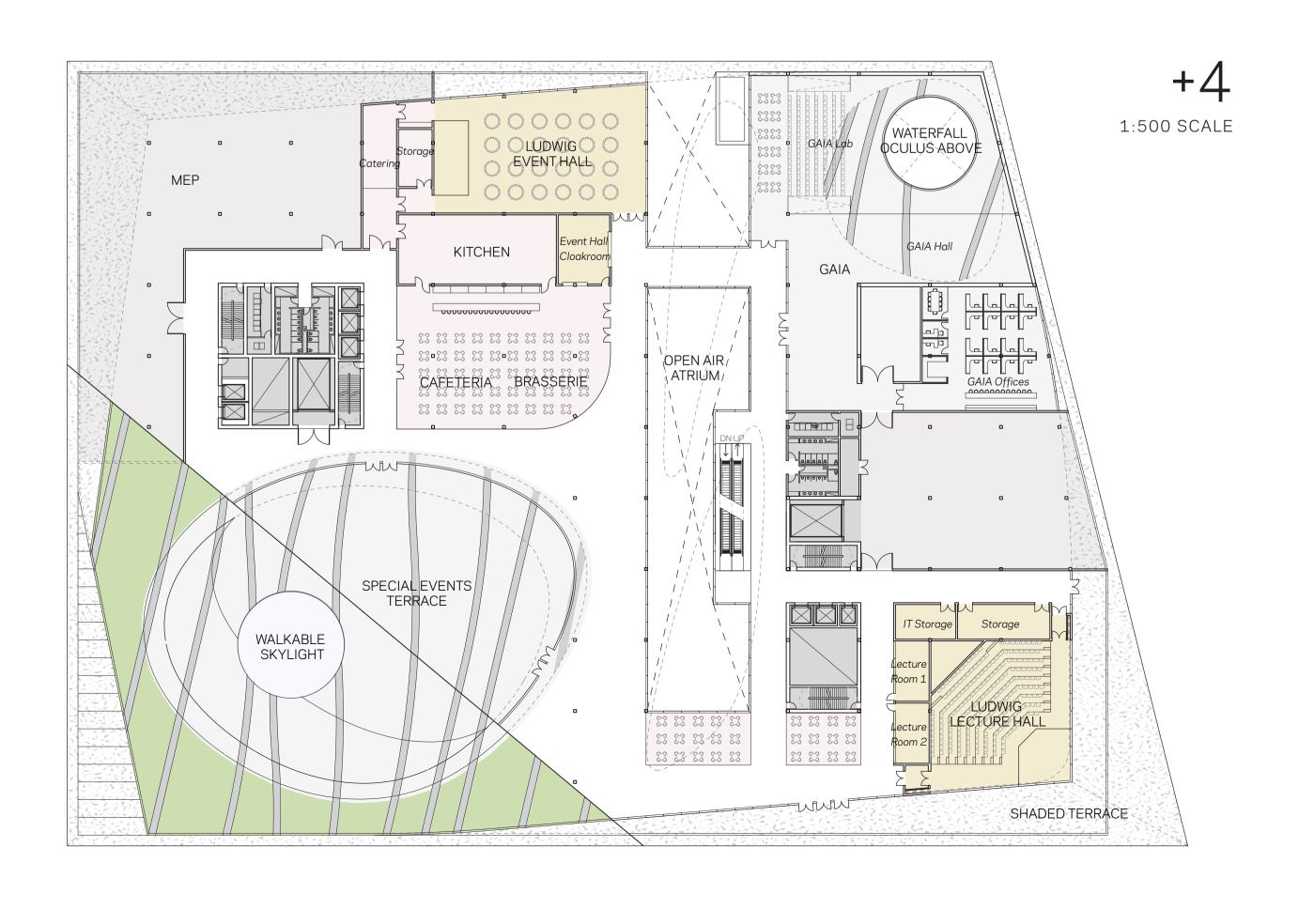
2 NEW NATIONAL GALLERY OFFICES -MUSEUM PROFESSIONALS

- National Gallery Science Secretary
- Hungarian Collection of the XIX-XXI Century Department
- Contemporary Hungarian
- Collection Department Post 1800s Collection Department
- Librarians, Archives
- Museum Pedagogy Documentation Staff
- Temporary Restoration Staff

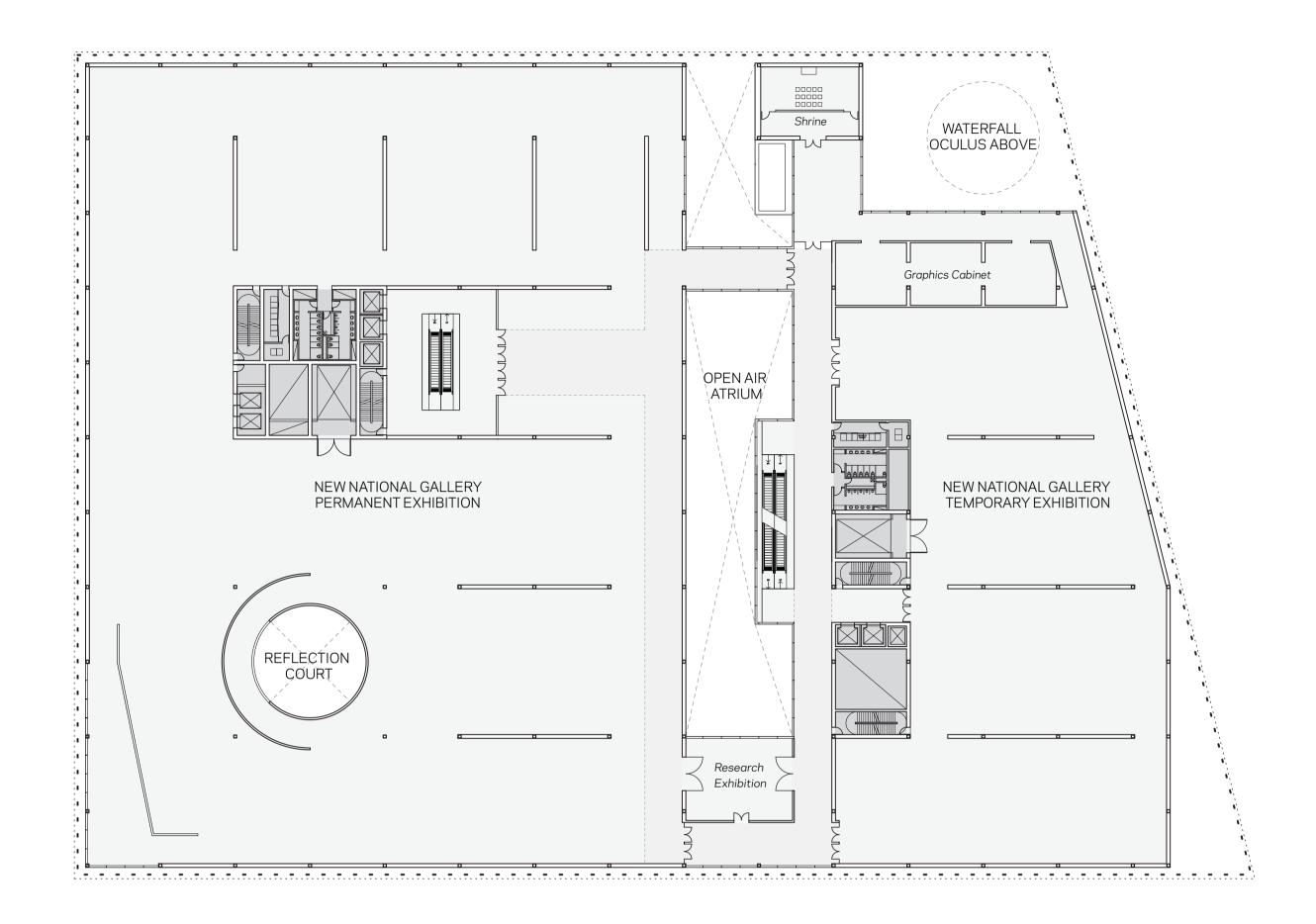


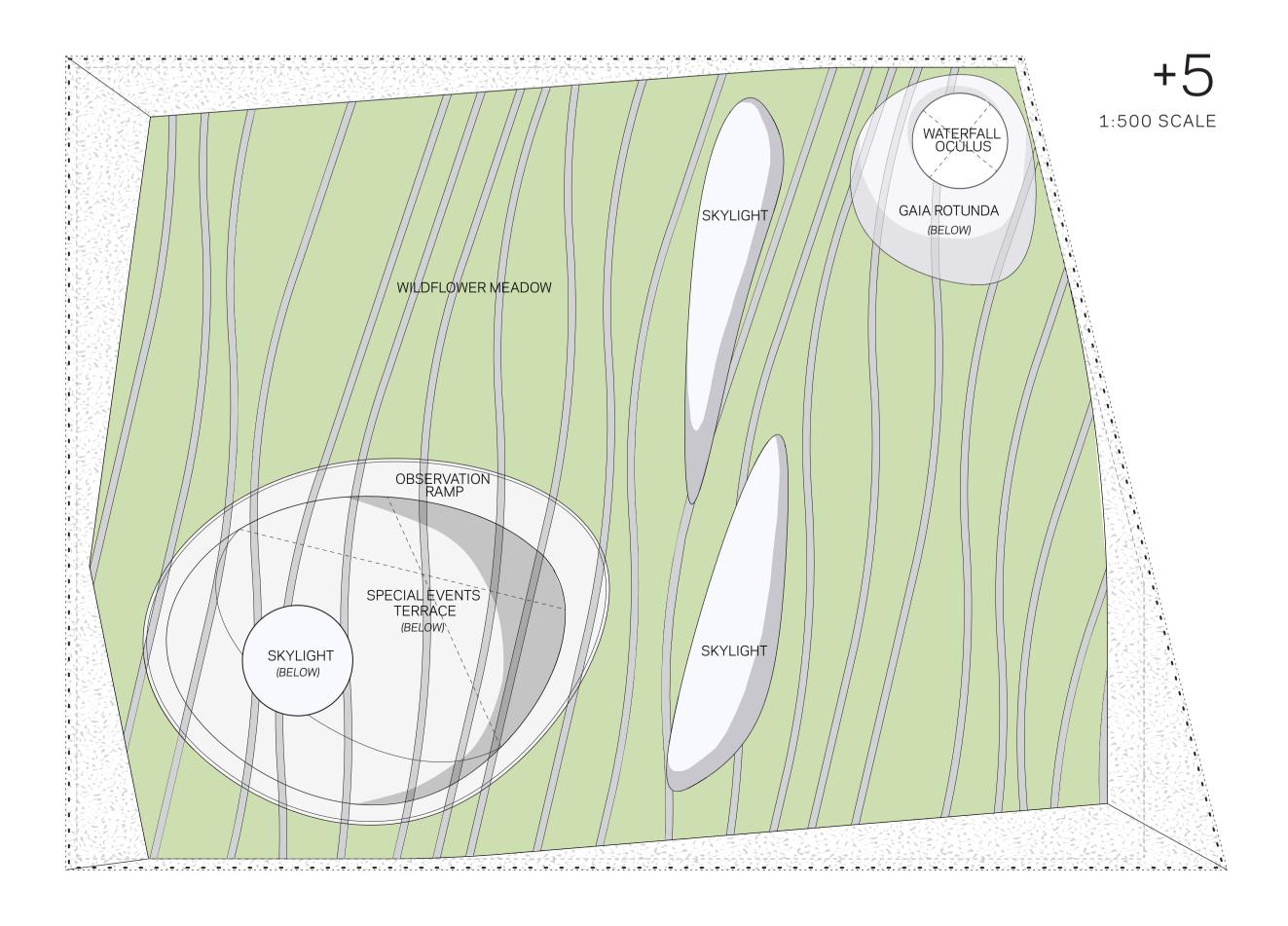














SECTIONS

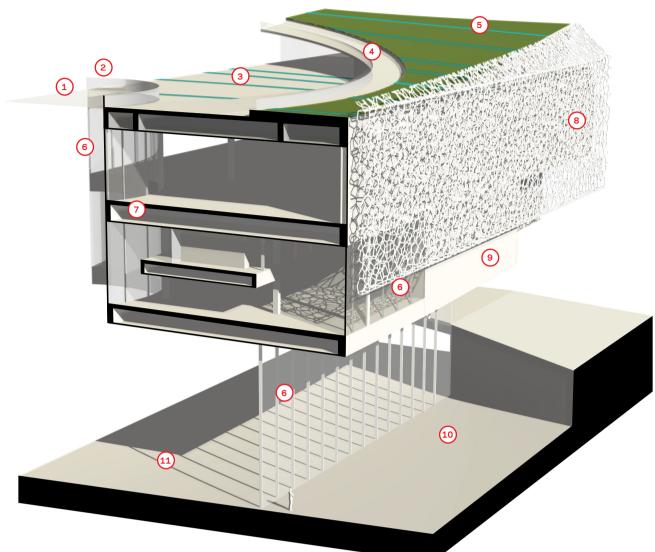
SECTION A-A THROUGH CORE 1:250 SCALE



SECTION B-B THROUGH PLAZAS 1:250 SCALE



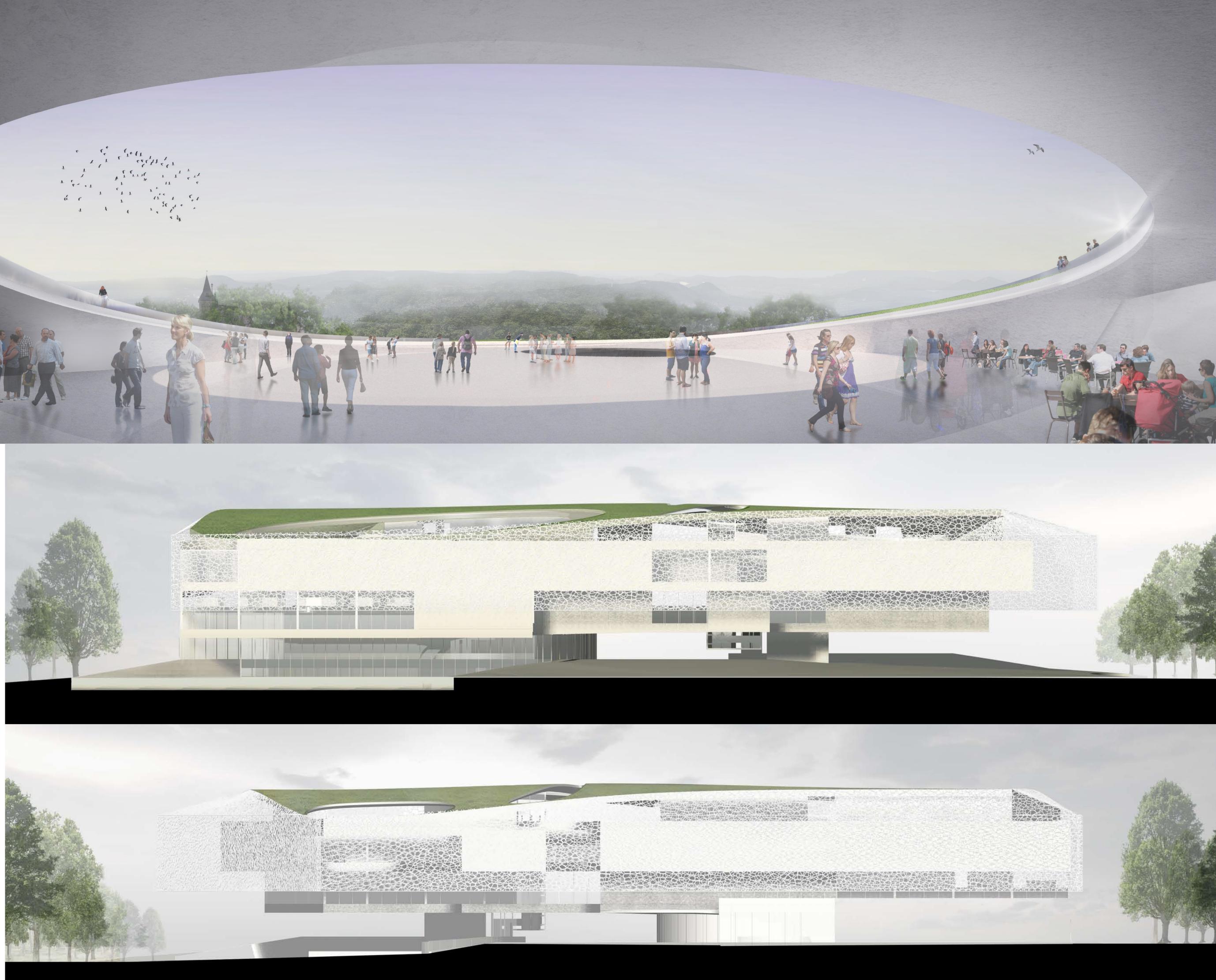
HIGH-PERFORMANCE FACADE SYSTEMS & MATERIALITY

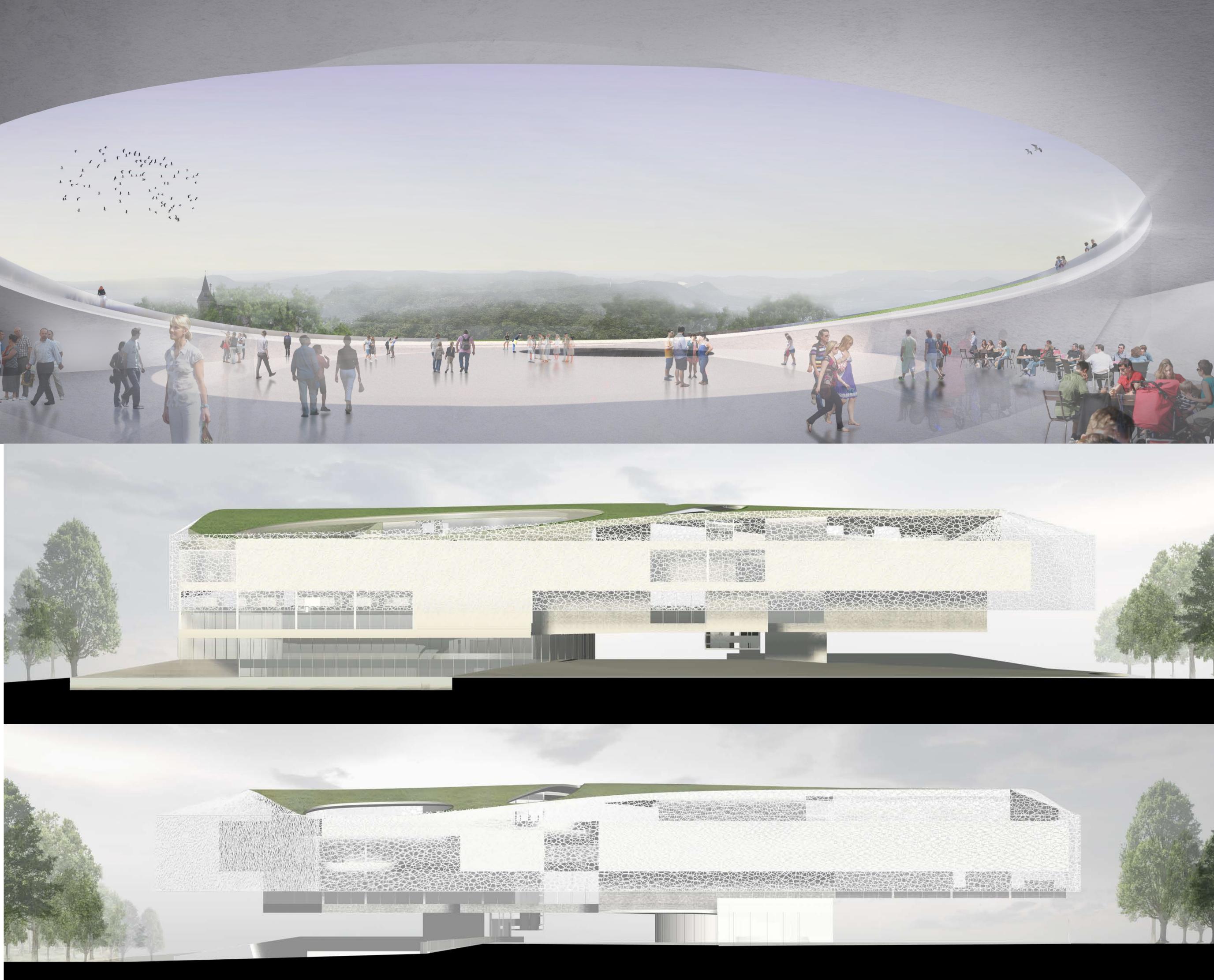


7. COMBINED STRUCTURAL SYSTEM Reinforced Concrete and Engineered Steel Trusses at Cantilever locations

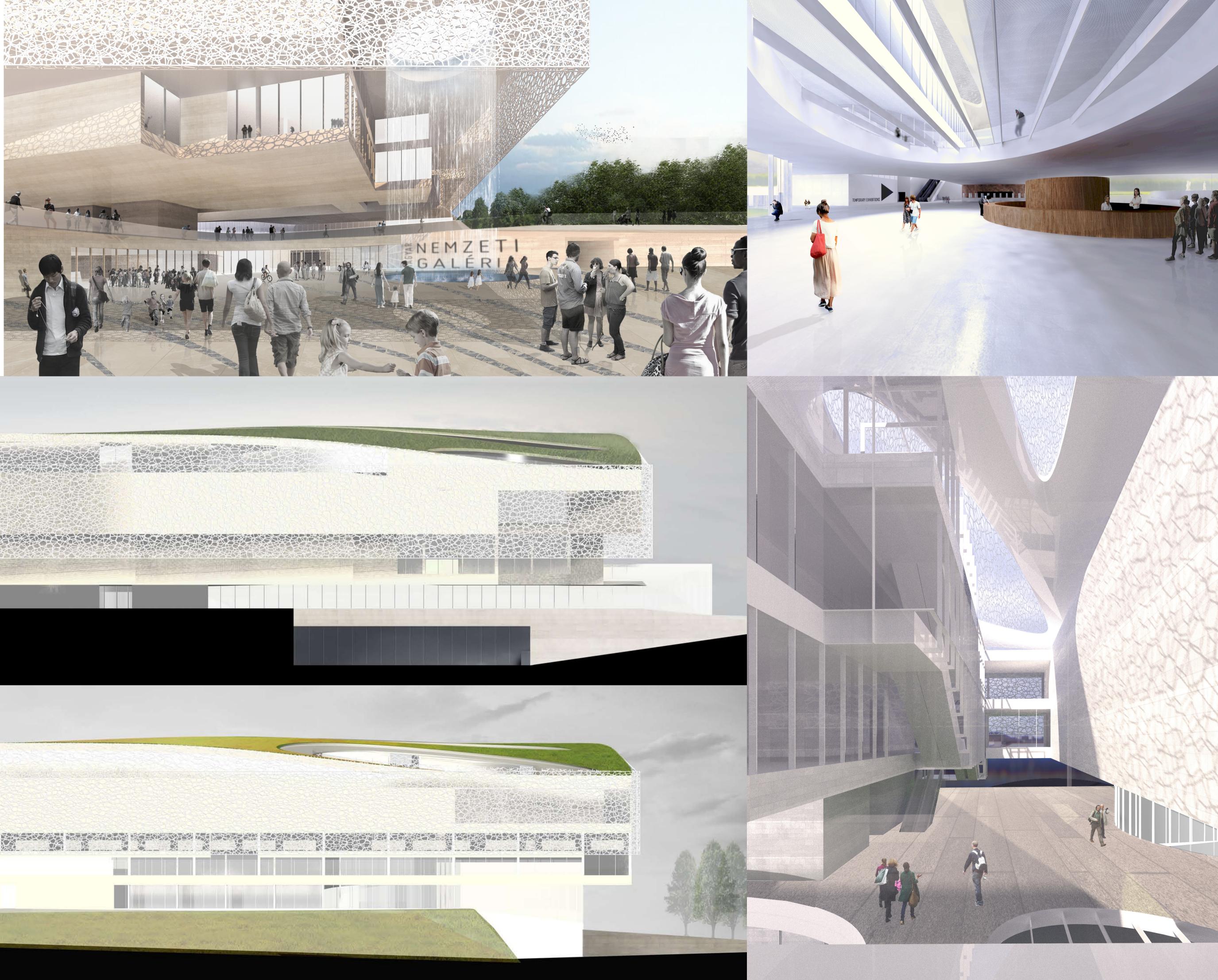
8. CULTURAL SHROUD Ductile UHPC "shroud" or facade screen inspired by leaf veining patterns; Shroud is supported on outriggers tied back to a built truss system.

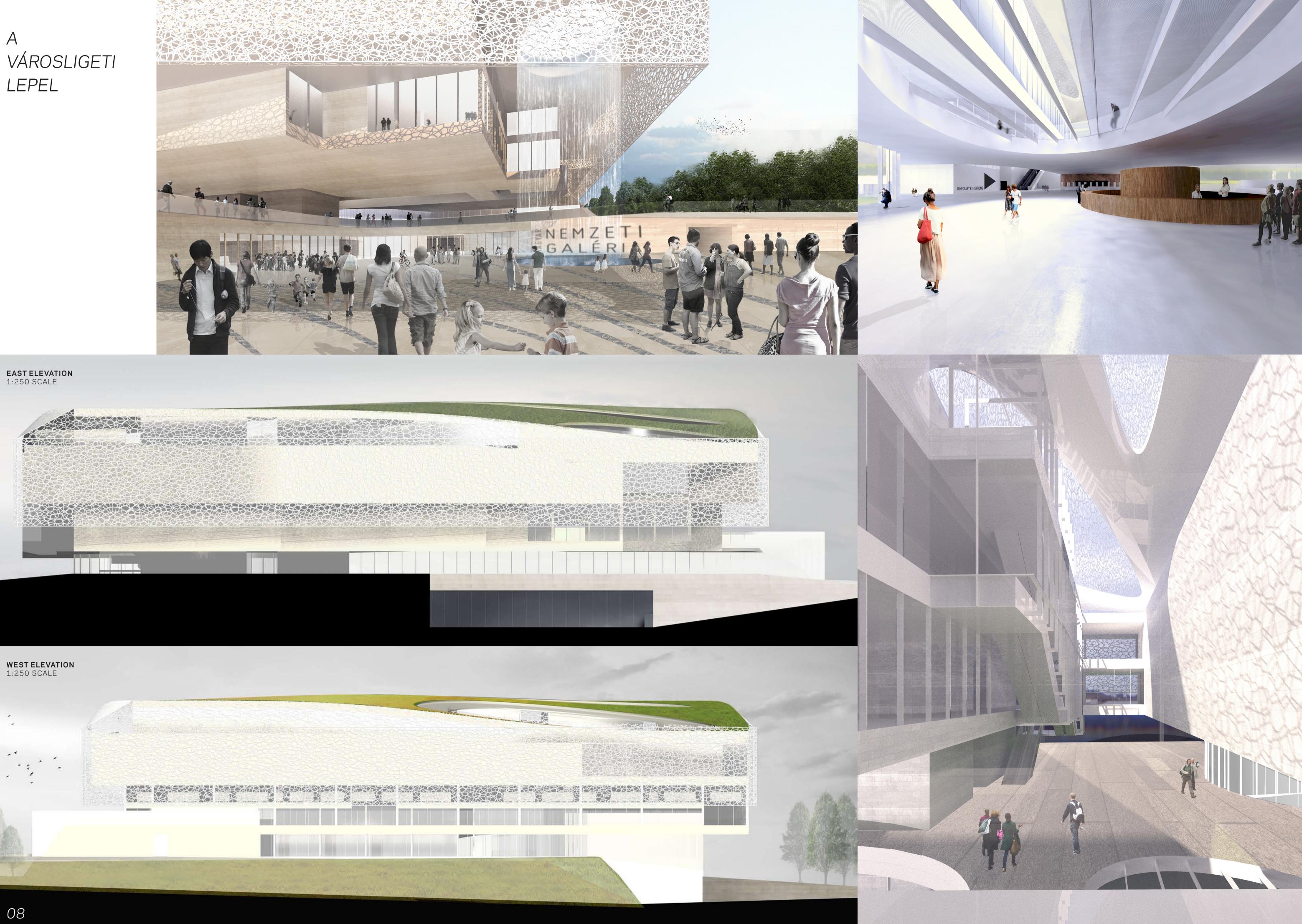






Α VÁROSLIGETI LEPEL





WEST ELEVATION 1:250 SCALE

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